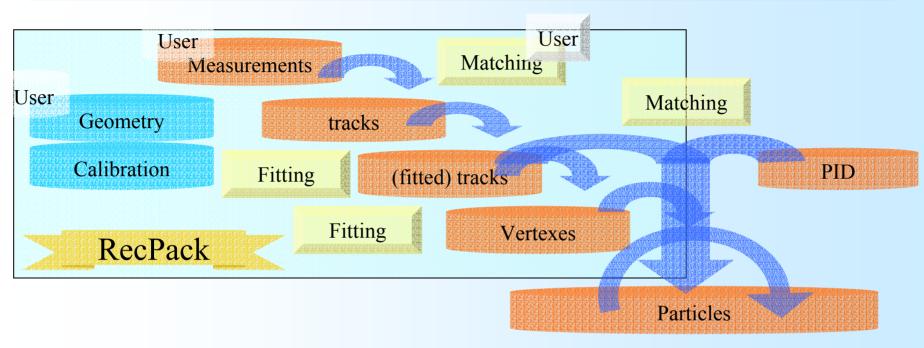
RecPack A Reconstruction Toolkit

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the HEP Montjuïc data fountain



- **Montjuic data fountain:** data & tools that we use in any reconstruction program in HEP:
 - **Data:** information classes

These classes admit an **interface**

Data

Tool

- Tools: operate on the data classes
- Common tools of fitting & matching are general and run in these interfaces
- Users can implement (derive) their own classes
 - I.e, data: geometry & measurements, matching tools

Montjuic is a mountain in Barcelona with a beautiful and always changing fall and fountain .

What is RecPack?

• Idea:

- Most of the *tracking reconstruction* programs (pattern & fitting) done *in* HEP use common algorithms.
 - I.e Kalman Filter
 - Helix Model
- Code the common algorithms in a general package

• RecPack is a C++ toolkit :

- To reconstruct & fit trajectories.
- Fit trajectories to a model and estimate model parameters and errors
 - Ie. Using the *Kalman Filter*
- Match measurements & trajectories
- Navigate states in a n-dimensional space

Modular, extendible, friendly

- Different modules light connected
 - Fitting, Model, Geometry & Navigation, Matching
- Extendible: "developer" user can implement its own data classes or tools from interfaces.
- Friendly: "client" user interacts via an unique Manager

and general...

- It can be apply to any dynamic system:
 - Evolution of a state in a space according with a model
 - Fitting a trajectory to a model
- Ballistic problems, stock market,...

RecPack Manager & Services

The Manager:

User access to the services

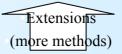
The services:

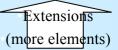
- 1. store of data & tools
- 2. provide the package functionality



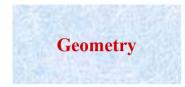
service name	methods	elements
Geometry	Access to geometry Volume & surfaces Properties of volumes and surfaces <t></t>	
Model	Access to models Access to model tools that operate on states equation , propagator surface intersector, projectors noisers	 Models: Sraight line, Helix in B field Noisers: MS
Navigation	 Access to Navigators propagate states to any surface and length Access to Inspectors 	 Navigators Inspectors (Helix, MS noiser, counters)
Fitting	 Track fitting, Vertex fitting 	 Least squares Kalman Filter
Matching	 matching trajectory-trajectory matching trajectory-measurement pattern recognition methods 	
Simulation	1. Simulate a trajectory & measurements	1. RecPack Simulator

Extensions (more services)





Geometry service



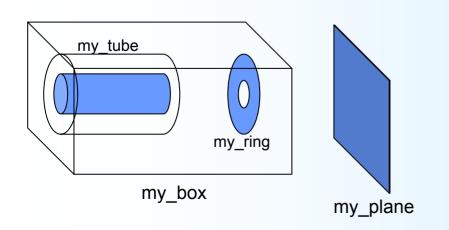
Access to geometrical setups:

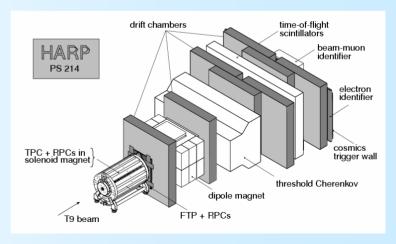
- Volumes & surfaces into a mother volume
- Associated properties (template) any volume or surface

```
add_volume("my_box", "box3D", pos, axes, size);
add_surface("my_plane", "rectangle", pos, axes, size);

**volumes may have any dimension*
*d_surface = d_volume -1*
```

add_volume_to_volume("my_box", "my_tube", "tube", pos, axes, size); add_surface_to_volume("my_box", "my_ring", "ring", pos, axes, size);





tube

rina

ring sector (?

sphere

Navigation service



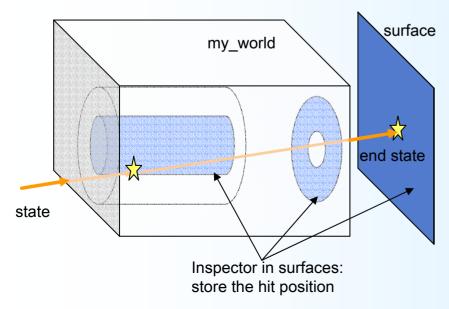
Navigator:

- propagate an state in a setup via steps
- At each step inspectors are called

Inspectors:

- They do external operations at each step:
 - User counters,
 - Modify propagation (looking at material of the volume), ...
- Can be associated to any surface or volume

propagate(state, surface);



User can:

- implement analytic intersection for a given:
 - model and surface.
- Establish a sequence of surfaces and volumes to intersect!

User can navigate in parallel setups:

- *Material (X0)*,
- Physical (B field)
- User setup(counters)

Data Interfaces Classes

This classes are interfaces (generic) **ITrajectory ISurface** fitted raw IPoint **IVertex IMeasurement** (raw or fitted) residual **IState IMeasurement**

IMeasurement

- Vector of measures
- Resolution matrix

ie: (x,y) measurement

IState

- Vector of parameters
- Covariance matrix

ie: straight line (x,y,x',y')

ITrajectory

- A collection of states
- A collection of measurements
- The agreement between both

ie: (LSQ fit to a straight line)

Model service

Access to model tools:

Model

- Equation
- Projectors (for fitting & matching)
- Propagator, Surface intersectors (to help navigate)
- conversion

select_model("helix");

Automatically updates the model dependent services



Equation

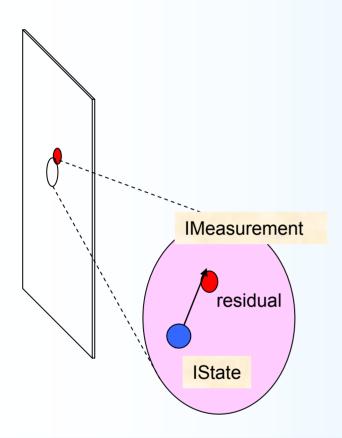
The equation defines the model!

- Evolution of the state vector (vector&) vector(double length);
- A "ray" in the geometrical space (vector&) position(double length);
 (vector&) direction(double length);

Evolution of the state in the parameter space

Evolution of the state in the geometrical space (all what we need to navigate!)

Model Tools: projectors



Projectors deals with alignment & calibration

The projection converts "global" to "local"

Projector

- A tool that depends on model & measurement type
- Project an state into a measurement:
- State is in the model parameters space
 - *Helix:* (*x*,*y*,*x*',*y*',*q*/*p*)
- Measurement is in an internal space
 - (u,v) rotated with respect (x,y) an angle φ
- The projection "reduces" the information of the state vector to be compared with the measurement
 - In the linear is a matrix **H**

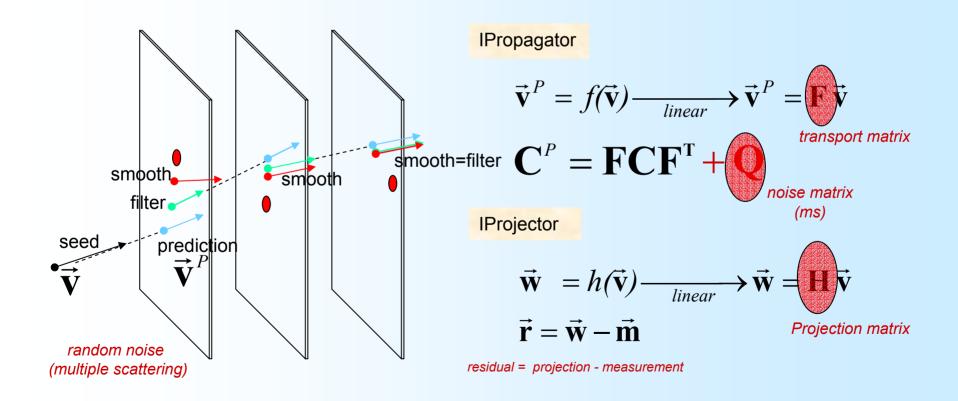
$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \varphi & \sin \varphi & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\sin \varphi & \cos \varphi & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ x' \\ y' \\ q/p \end{pmatrix}$$

Fitter: Kalman Filter

Kalman Filter:

- Used for track fitting by most of HEP experiments
- Easy to include random noise processes (ms) and systematic effects (eloss)
- It is a local and incremental fit (dynamic states)

We can do simultaneously fitting & patter recognition

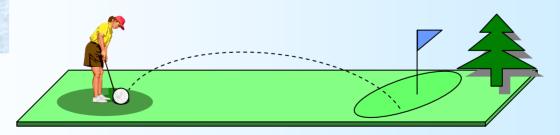


Example of model tools

Equation	Noise estimators	Systematic effect estimators	surface intersectors	finite surfaces	Projectors
straight line in any dimension	multiple scattering	energy loss	plane	rectangle ring	2D
helix in variable B field	Energy loss		cylinder	cylinder cylinder_sector	3D
			sphere	sphere_sector	rф

Adding your model is straight forward!

Model



parabola	wind fluctuations	wind	earth surface	green	2D
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Matching and simulation service

We can construct new services:

Matching & Simulation

Using:

- Navigation & Fitting & Model services
- Model: propagator & projectors

Matching

match(trajectory, trajectory); match(trajectory, measurement); match(state,measurement); match(trajectory, state);

Use for pattern recognition

Match using the projectors

Future plans: implement pattern recognition "logics"

Simulation

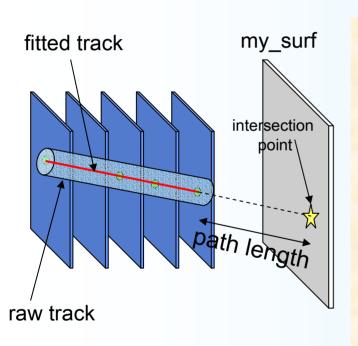
simulate_trajectory(trajectory, seed_state);

simulate measurements along a trajectory given a seed state

Future plans: interface with Geant4

Example 1

 Fit a single track in a single volume and compute the path length to a given surface

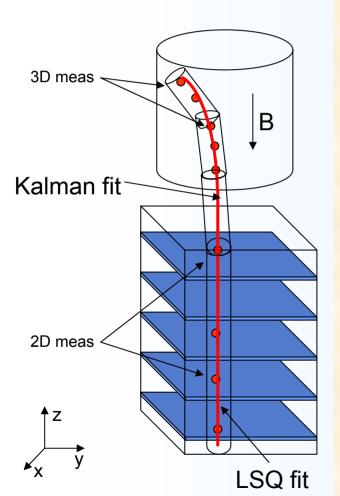


path length = 28 cm

```
c++ code
// Create a track and fill it with measurements
BITrajectory track:
for (i=0; i<4; i++){
  IMeasurement& meas[i] = BIMeasurement( pos, pos error, "xy")
 track.add measurement( meas[i] );
// Fit the track by Kalman
fitting svc().fit( "Kalman", track, seed state );
// Retrieve a previously defined surface
ISurface& surf = geometry svc().surface("my surf");
// Computes the path length to the specified surface
navigation_svc().path_legth( track, surf, length);
// Print out the path lenght
std::cout << "path length = " << legth << std::endl;
```

Example 2

• Fit a single track in several volumes with different models and different measurement types



```
+ code
// Create a track and fill it with 3D measurements
BITrajectory track1;
for (i=0; i<5; i++){
  IMeasurement& meas[i] = BIMeasurement( pos, pos error, "xyz")
 track1.add measurement( meas[i] );
// Create a track and fill it with 2D measurements
BITrajectory track2;
for (i=0; i<4; i++){
  IMeasurement& meas[i] = BIMeasurement( pos, pos error, "xy")
 track2.add measurement( meas[i] );
// Fit the second track by Least squares
fitting svc().fit("LSQ", track2);
// Merge both tracks
track1.add segment(track2);
// Fit the whole track by Kalman using the previous fit as seed
fitting svc().fit( "Kalman", track1, track2.first state() );
```

Example 3

• Simulate a particle traversing several volumes with Geant4, reconstruct tracks in "tracker" and match with "TOF"

```
c++ code
// Set the Geant4 simulator
simulation_svc().set simulator("Geant4"):
// Simulate a track
simulation svc().simulate measurements( simul seed );
// Find tracks in "tracker" applying predefined PR logic
                                                                         For future plans
matching_svc().set_property( "tracker", "PRLogic", "planar" );
matching_svc().find_trajectories( "tracker" , track_vector );
// Fit the first track by Kalman
fitting svc().fit( "Kalman", track vector[0], fit seed );
// Look for the best matching hit in the TOF
matching svc().best_matching_measurement( "TOF", track_vector[0], meas );
                                                                                         TOF
                   tracker
                                                                    best match
   fitted track
simulation seed
                                                          measurements
            raw track
```

Clients

- RecPack -1

 RecPack was born in HARP (CERN)

 MICE (RAL)

- SciBar detector, which is part of K2K (Japan)
- RecPack0
 Design of future neutrino experiments: HERO
 Trigger studies on LHCb (CERN)

 - **Open vertex detector at LHCb (CERN)**

RecPack-0

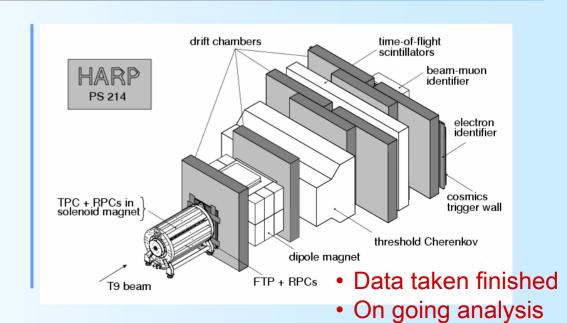
unique library: requires only CLHEP

source in: http//evalu29.ific.uv.es

compile: automake, or CMT

Linux gcc2.95.2, gcc3.2

some examples with GAUDI



Conclusions

RecPack

- RecPack is a toolkit to built a reconstruction program:
 - Does: Navigation, Matching & Fitting
- Its modular structure allows extensions in any direction

```
data types volumes, surfaces, measurements, ... models, navigators, simulators, ...
```

- It is setup independent
- It is being successfully used by four HEP experiments
- If you want to play, please contact us:



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